



# **Resistive conductivity Transmitter**

- Programmable outputs: two transistor and single or dual analog 4-20 mA
- Removable backlit display
- Universal fluidic process connection
- Three cell constants: to cover a wide measuring range
- Diagnostic function

Type 8222 can be combined with...

Type 6642

Type 2103

Solenoid valve

Diaphragm valve for continuous control



Type 2030
On/Off Diaphragm valve



Type 8644 Valve islands



Type 8620
Cooling Tower or I



Cooling Tower or boiler chemistry controller

The Bürkert transmitter Type 8222 is a compact device, specially designed for measuring the conductivity value of fluids.

Our transmitter consists of a cell and a temperature sensor moulded in a sensor holder. This ensemble is plugged-in and cottered to an IP67 enclosure containing the electronic module with cover and a removable display. The conductivity sensor is available with three different cell constant C values, these with C=0.01 or 0.1 are fitted with stainless steel electrodes and those with C=1.0 are fitted with graphite electrodes

The conductivity transmitter can operate independant of the display, but it will be required for programming the transmitter (i.e. selection of sensor cell constant, language, measuring range, engineering units...) and also for visualizing continuously the measured and processed data.

The device Type 8222 is available:

- with three fully programmable outputs: two transistor and one 2-wire 4-20 mA current outputs
- with four fully programmable outputs: two transistor and two 3-wire 4-20 mA current outputs.

The device Type 8222 converts the measured signal, displays different values in different units (if display mounted) and computes the output signals, which are provided via one or two M12 fixed connectors.

Technical data (Pipe + transmitter)		
1/2" to 4" (DN 15 to 100)		
2 resistive conductivity electrodes 0.05 μS/cm 10 mS/cm 1 nS/cm ± 3% of measured value		
-40°F to 266°F (-40°C to +130°C) 0.18°F (0.1°C) ± 1.8°F (1°C) 50°F (10°C) (i.e 50°F to 68°F (10°C to 20°C) corresponding to 4-20 mA)		
none or according to a predefined graph (NACI or ultra pure water) or according to a graph defined especially for your process		
Fitting or nut in: PVC: 122°F (50°C), - PP: 176°F (80°C) - PVDF: 212°F (100°C)		
232.16 PSI (PN16) (see pressure / temperature chart)		

<sup>\*</sup> If the specific max. medium temperature for the used probe is lower than the max. temperature given in the above technical data chart, please take the lowest temperature as max.

Environment	
Ambient temperature	14°F to 140°F (-10°C to +60°C) (operating and storage)
Relative humidity	≤ 85%, without condensation

4 outputs transmitter (3-wire)

Response time (10% - 90%)

Electrical data	
Power supply	
3 outputs transmitter (2-wire)	14-36 V DC, filtered and regulated
4 outputs transmitter (3-wire)	12-36 V DC, filtered and regulated
Current consumption with sensor	≤ 1 A (with the 2 transistors loads)
3 outputs transmitter (2-wire)	≤ 25 mA (at 14 V DC without transistors load, with current loop)
4 outputs transmitter (3-wire)	≤ 5 mA (at 12 V DC without transistors load, without current loop)
Reversed polarity of DC	Protected
Voltage peak	Protected
Short circuit	Protected for transistor outputs
<b>Output</b> Transistor	configurable as sourcing or sinking (respectively both as PNP or NPN), open collector max. 700 mA, 0.5 A max. per transistor if the 2 transistor outputs are wired output NPN: 0.2 - 36 VDC output PNP: V+ power supply
Current	4-20 mA programmable as sourcing or sinking,
3 outputs transmitter (2-wire)	max. loop impedance: 1100 Ω at 36 V DC; 610 Ω at 24 V DC; 180 Ω at 14 V DC

configurable in the same mode as transistor: sourcing or sinking,

max. loop impedance: 1100  $\Omega$  at 36 V DC;

610 Ω at 24 V DC; 100 Ω at 12 V DC

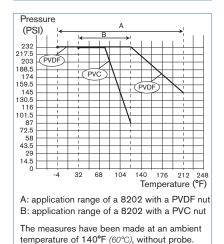
General data	
Compatibility	Any pipe from DN 10 to 110 in PVC or PVDF which are fitted out with Bürkert Fitting S022 (see corresponding data sheet)
Materials Housing / cover Gaskets / Screws Fixed connector mounting plate Fixed connector Display / navigation key Nut Wetted part materials	See exploded view, opposite Stainless steel 1.4561, PPS / PC EPDM / Stainless steel Stainless steel Brass nickel plated PC / PBT PVC or PVDF  PVDF, stainless steel 1.4571 (316Ti)
Conductivity sensor Electrode	Stainless steel 1.4571 (316Ti) for cell constant C = 0.01 or C = 0.1 or graphite for cell constant C = 1.0
Temperature sensor	Pt1000 (316Ti) integrated within the sensor electrode holder
Display (accessories)	Grey dot matrix 128 x 64 with backlighting
Electrical connections 3 outputs transmitter (2-wire) 4 outputs transmitter (3-wire)	1 x 5-pin M12 male fixed connector , 1 x 5-pin M12 male and 1 x 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors
Connection cable	Shielded cable

150 ms (standard)

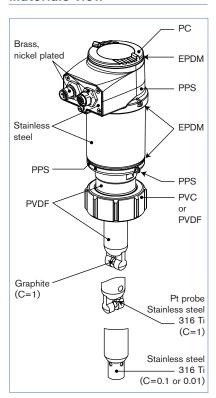
Standards, directives and approvals			
Protection class	IP67 with M12 cable plug mounted and tightened and cover fully screwed down		
Standard and directives (€			
EMC	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3		
Pressure	Complying with article 3 of §3 from 97/23/CE directive.*		
Vibration / Shock	EN 60068-2-6 / EN 60068-2-27		
Approvals			
UL recognized for US and Canada	61010-1 + CAN/CSA-C22 No.61010-1		



# Pressure / temperature chart



# Materials view



\* For the 97/23/CE pressure directive, the device can only be used under following conditions (depend on max. pressure, pipe diameter and fluid).

Type of fluid	Conditions
Fluid group 1, §1.3.a	DN ≤ 25 only
Fluid group 2, §1.3.a	DN ≤ 32, or DN > 32 and PN*DN ≤ 1000
Fluid group 1, §1.3.b	DN ≤ 25, or DN > 25 and PN*DN ≤ 2000
Fluid group 2, §1.3.b	DN ≤ 125



### Principle of operation

Conductivity is defined as the ability of a solution to conduct electrical current. The load carriers are ions (E.G. dissolved salt or acids). In order to measure conductivity, 2 electrodes are used which are set at a fixed distance apart and with a known specified surface. An AC voltage source is connected to the electrodes. The measured current is a direct function of the conductivity of the solution.

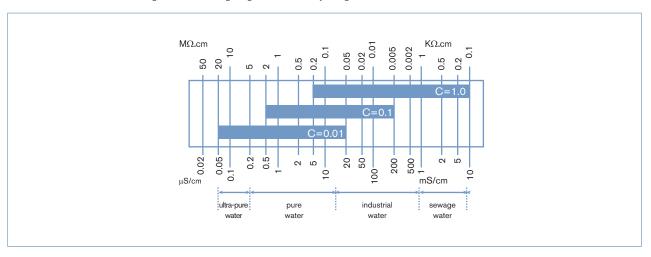
The transmitter functions in a two wire circuit (single transmitter version) or three wire circuit (dual transmitter version) and requires a power supply of 14 V DC (single transmitter version) or 12 V DC (dual transmitter version) up to 36 V DC.



Different electrode designs are required based on selected cell constant.

The conductivity transmitter can be fitted with 3 different electrodes with cell constants 0.01; 0.1 and 1.0.

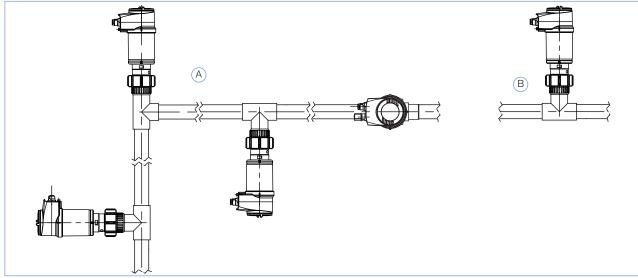
The electrode is selected according to the measuring range and medium by using the table below.



### In-line installation

The 8222 conductivity transmitter can be installed into any fitting system with G 1" ½ external threaded sensor connection by just fixing the main nut. Select and install the required fitting onto the pipe, according to specific requirements of the sensor and material (temperature and pressure). For a mounting on a tank or a direct mounting on a pipe (DN100 and 110), an adaptor with a G 1" ½ external threaded sensor connection must be used through the tank or pipe wall.

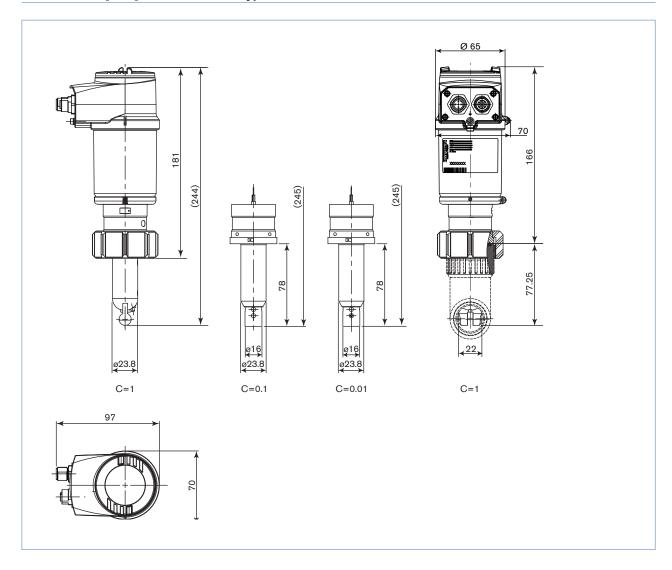
Install cautiously the transmitter on the fitting. The transmitter can be installed in any position (prefer "A" mounting to install a 8222 with sensor C=0.1 or C=0.01). In order to get reliable measurement, air bubbles must be avoid, and the mounting location must ensure that the electrode is continuously and completely immersed in the flow stream.



The transmitter must be protected from constant heat radiation and other environmental influences, such as direct exposure to sunlight.

# burkert

# Dimensions [mm] of transmitter Type 8222





# Ordering chart for compact transmitter Type 8222

### A complete compact conductivity transmitter Type 8222 consists of

- a compact conductivity transmitter Type 8222
- a removable display/programmer (see accessories)
- a fitting with G 1" 1/2 external threaded sensor connection (see data sheet Type S022)

#### **Conductivity transmitter Type 8222**

Specifica- tions	Voltage supply	Output	Sensor version	Nut material	Electrical	Item no.
Compact transmitter without display	14-36 V DC	2 x transistors + single 4-20 mA	C = 0.01	PVC	5-pin M12 male fixed connector	559 618
		for process conductivity only		PVDF	5-pin M12 male fixed connector	559 620
			C = 0.1	PVC	5-pin M12 male fixed connector	559 614
				PVDF	5-pin M12 male fixed connector	559 616
			C = 1.0	PVC	5-pin M12 male fixed connector	559 610
				PVDF	5-pin M12 male fixed connector	559 612
	12-36 V DC	2 x transistors + dual 4-20 mA	C = 0.01	PVC	5-pin M12 male and 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors	559 619
		for both temperature and conductivity		PVDF	5-pin M12 male and 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors	559 621
			C = 0.1	PVC	5-pin M12 male and 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors	559 615
				PVDF	5-pin M12 male and 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors	559 617
			C = 1.0	PVC	5-pin M12 male and 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors	559 611
				PVDF	5-pin M12 male and 5-pin M12 female fixed connectors	559 613

# Note: Order separately (see accessories)

- display/programmer module
- M12 cable plugs (only female for single 4-20 mA, 1 male + 1 female for dual 4-20 mA transmitter)



# Ordering chart for accessories

	Description	Item no.
Removable display	(programmer module (with instruction sheet)	559 168
Black blank cover v	vith seal	560 948
Buffer solution, 500	D ml, 5 μS	440 015
Buffer solution, 500	) ml, 15 μS	440 016
Buffer solution, 500 ml, 100 $\mu S$		440 017
Buffer solution, 500 ml, 706 μS		
Buffer solution, 500	D ml, 1413 μS	440 019
	5 pin M12 female straight cable plug with plastic threaded locking ring, to be wired	98123241
	5 pin M12 male straight cable plug with plastic threaded locking ring, to be wired	98123242
	5 pin M12 female straight cable plug moulded on cable (2 m, shielded)	98123596
	5 pin M12 male straight cable plug moulded on cable (2 m, shielded)	98123931

# Interconnection possibilities with other Bürkert devices

